

## South Shore Mental Health Counseling Services, P.C.

## AGREEMENT REGARDING MINORS

The involvement of children and adolescents in therapy can be highly beneficial to their overall development. Very often, it is best to see them with parents and other family members; sometimes, they are best seen alone. I will assess which might be best for your child and make recommendations to you. Obviously, the support of all the child's caregivers is essential, as well as their understanding of the basic procedures involved in counseling children.

The general goal of involving children in therapy is to foster their development at all levels. At times, it may seem that a specific behavior is needed, such as to get the child to obey or reveal certain information. Although those objectives may be part of overall development, they may not be the best goals for therapy. Again, I will evaluate and discuss these goals with you.

The issue of confidentiality is critical in treating children. When children are seen with adults, what is discussed is known to those present and should be kept confidential except by mutual agreement. Children seen in individual sessions (except under certain conditions) are not legally entitled to confidentiality (also called privilege); their parents have this right. However, unless children feel they have some privacy in speaking with a therapist, the benefits of therapy may be lost. Therefore, it is necessary to work out an arrangement in which children feel that their privacy is generally being respected, at the same time that parents have access to critical information. This agreement must have the understanding and approval of the parents or other responsible adults and of the child in therapy.

This agreement regarding treatment of minors has provisions for inserting individual details, which can be supplied by both the child and the adults involved. However, it is first important to point out the exceptions to this general agreement. The following circumstances override the general policy that children are entitled to privacy while parents or guardians have a legal right to information.

- Confidentiality and privilege are limited in cases involving child abuse, neglect, molestation, or danger to self or others. In these cases, the therapist is required to make an official report to the appropriate agency and will attempt to involve parents as much as possible.
- Minors may independently enter into therapy and claim the privilege of confidentiality in cases involving abuse or severe neglect, molestation, pregnancy, or communicable diseases, and when they are on active military duty, married, or officially emancipated. They may seek therapy independently for substance abuse, danger to self or others, or a mental disorder, but parents must be involved unless doing so would harm the child. (These circumstances may vary from state to state, and the specific laws of each state must be followed.)
- Any evaluation, treatment, or reports ordered by, or done for submission to a third party such as a court or a school is
  not entirely confidential and will be shared with that agency with your specific written permission. Please also note
  that I do not have control over information once it is released to a third party.

[, (name)	(relationship to child)	
I, (name)	(relationship to child)	
agree that my/our child/children		
(name)	(name)	
(name)	(name)	
should have privacy in his/her/their therapy sessions, and I which I will discuss with the therapist. At the same time, exclegal right to obtain this information. To increase the effectiven	cept under unusual circumstances, I understand that I have	a
The goals of the therapy are as follows:		
(by parent)		
(by child)		

Now that the various aspects surrounding confidentiality have been stated, the specific agreement between you and your

I will do my best to ensure that therapy sessions are attended and will not inquire about the content of sessions. If my child prefers/children prefer not to volunteer information about the sessions, I will respect his/her/their right not to disclose details. Basically, unless my child has/children have been abused or is/are a clear danger to self or others, the therapist will normally tell me only the following:

• whether sessions are attended

child/children follows:

- whether or not my child is/children are generally participating
- whether or not progress is generally being made

The normal procedure for discussing issues that are in my child's/children's therapy will be joint sessions including my child/children, the therapist, and me and perhaps other appropriate adults. If I believe there are significant health or safety issues that I need to know about, I will contact the therapist and attempt to arrange a session with my child/children present.

Similarly, when the therapist determines that there are significant issues that should be discussed with parents, every effort will be made to schedule a session involving the parents and the child/children. I understand that if information becomes known to the therapist and has a significant bearing on the child's/children's well-being, the therapist will work with the person providing the information to ensure that both parents are aware of it. In other words, the therapist will not divulge secrets except as mandated by law, but may encourage the individual who has the information to disclose it for therapy to continue effectively.

Parent(s)	
Please make any additions or modifications as desired: _	
Signature:	Date:
Signature:	Date
Signature:	Date:
MINOR(S)	
Please make any additions or modifications as desired: _	
Signature:	Date:
oignature.	
Signature:	Date:
Signature:	Date:
Signature:	Date:
THERAPIST	
Signature:	Date: